

# New Cronos

## Macroeconomic statistical database

New Cronos is the macroeconomic and social database created for all those who need high-quality statistical information for their decision-making.

### Contents

New Cronos contains over 160 million social and economic statistical data covering the Member States and also, in many cases, Japan, the United States, the central European countries and the main economic partners of the Union.

These data, which may be monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or annual, depending on the statistical domain covered, are expressed in a whole range of different units:

- indices (with different base years);
- absolute values (in national currency or euro);
- deflated values;
- percentages;
- etc.

The data are available, depending on the variable or country selected, from 1960 to the present day.

New Cronos is subdivided into several domains, each covering a specific sector. Each domain, identified by an alphanumeric code, is structured in collections giving the economic and social indicators in question. These collections are themselves structured in multidimensional tables.

The dimensions of the table specify:

- countries;
- variables;
- units;
- periodicity;
- etc.



## THEME 1

# General statistics

### CEC — Central European countries

The CEC domain contains annual and short-term key indicators on central European countries (including the 10 applicant countries).

### EUR 1 — Eurostatus

EUR 1 contains the most up-to-date and thorough harmonised statistics on the Member States, the United States and Japan: balance of payments; agriculture; unemployment; external trade; financial indicators; industry and energy; consumer prices and services. EUR 1 contains the main indicators required for any analysis of short-term trends.

### EUR 2 — Eurostatistics

EUR 2 contains the main economic and social indicators required for monitoring short-term trends in the European Union. Over 200 indicators per country: national accounts; employment; unemployment; industry; energy; services; agricultural products; external trade; harmonised indices of consumer prices; indices of agricultural prices; financial statistics and balance of payments.

### EURO — Statistics for the eurozone (EUR-11) and European Union (EU-15)

The quarterly indicators from quarterly national accounts have been chosen in order to supply a coherent and consistent picture of the economic situation for EUR-11 and EU-15. The characteristics of the variables presented is that they are defined in a common framework represented by the system of national accounts. All definitions are derived from ESA 1995.

### POCKET — EC economic data pocketbook (data for 1999-2001 : DG ECFIN (economic and financial affairs) — Autumn 1999 economic Forecasts)

The most important indicators are described under the following collections: convergence criteria; output; prices; wages and labour market; external position; public finance; monetary developments; exchange rates; miscellaneous (stock markets; primary commodity prices). The tables are updated on a monthly basis.

### PTIERS — ACP/ALA/MED (Africa, Caribbean, Pacific, Latin America, Asia, Mediterranean)

Ptiers contains the main indicators for third countries: international aid and debt; the financial and monetary sector; national accounts; production; the social sector; demography; trade, etc.

### REGIO — Regional statistics

REGIO is the domain of New Cronos relating to the main aspects of economic life in the European Union at regional level. Created in 1975, REGIO is subdivided into eight statistical domains: demography; economic accounts; unemployment; labour force sample survey; energy statistics; transport; agriculture and statistics concerning research and development. The regions are classified in line with a specific system called NUTS (nomenclature of territorial units for statistics).



## THEME 2

# Economy and finance

### BOP — Balance of payments

Focusing on the European Union, this domain covers quarterly balance of payments statistics, annual current account statistics emphasising international trade in services with detailed geographical breakdown, annual foreign direct investment statistics (flows, income and positions) with geographical and sectoral breakdown, and annual balance of

payments statistics of the EU Institutions. Annual and quarterly balance of payments data on candidate countries and other related countries are also provided.

## **MNY — Monetary and other financial statistics**

The collections and tables of this domain describe the main elements required for understanding monetary and financial developments: exchange rates (United States dollar, euro, other currencies); stock market and bond market data; interest rates (short- and long-term); purchasing power of the euro; external position; monetary aggregates; official reserves; and public deficit and debt.

## **NA\_AGGR — National accounts — aggregates — annual and quarterly data**

NA\_AGGR provides the main statistics for national account aggregates on an annual and quarterly basis. The domain offers ESA 95 data as well as the old ESA 79 and/or national concept figures. Aggregates are presented in current and constant prices, national currency, euro and PPS, growth rates, deflators, indices and ratios on main totals. The domain includes also economic and social indicators.

Data refer to eurozone, EU and the individual Member States, the Union's main trading partners and the main economic groupings in the world: G7; NAFTA, etc.

## **NA\_FINA — National accounts — financial accounts**

NA\_FINA contains annual data (ESA-harmonised), financial accounts by sector (enterprises, households, governments, etc.) in national currency and in euro.

## **NA\_MNAG — Accession countries non-financial national accounts**

The database holds the most important non-financial national accounts aggregates of the 10 eastern and middle European EU-candidate countries.

Data is broken down by NACE, Coicop and CPA, and figures of simplified non-financial sector accounts are given. Sources of the data are the national statistical institutes.

## **NA\_SEC 1 — National accounts — aggregates — annual data (ESA 79)**

NA\_SEC 1 provides access to the following tables containing harmonised data:

- ESA aggregates at current prices, in national currency, in euro and in PPS;
- ESA aggregates at constant prices of 1990, in national currency, in euro and in PPS;
- Value, volume and price indices, and average growth rate;
- Economic and social indicators.

## **NA\_SECT — National accounts by institutional sectors (households, enterprises, government, etc.)**

NA\_SECT contains annual data (ESA-harmonised), national accounts broken down by sector (enterprises, households, governments, etc.) in national currency, in euro and as a percentage of GDP.

## **PRICE — Prices and purchasing power parities**

Price comprises for each country four collections: harmonised indices of consumer prices (annual and monthly data); national consumer price indices (annual and monthly data); prices in national currency (monthly and annual data) and purchasing power parities for private consumption (comparison by country, monthly data).

## **SEC 2 — National accounts — branches of production, investment goods and final consumption of households**

The domain SEC 2 contains disaggregated macroeconomic data harmonised following the ESA 79 standard for 18 European countries, the USA, Japan and several groups of countries (European Union, EFTA, EEA, etc.):

- (a) for 25 homogeneous branches of production and their groupings;
- (b) for 7 investment products and their groupings;
- (c) for 42 consumption functions and their groupings.

## **TRIM — National accounts — aggregates — quarterly data (ESA 79)**

TRIM provides the main statistics for GDP and its aggregates, together with other more detailed components for branches and sectors. The data refer to EU-15 and the individual Member States, the Union's main trading partners and the main economic groupings in the world: G7, NAFTA, NICs, etc.

In addition, TRIM provides data on population and on the main aggregates per capita.



# 1



# 2



## THEME 3

# Population and social conditions

### **CENSUS** — Census — Round 1990–91

Census contains all the statistics from the Europe-wide population census conducted in 1990–91 (population structure, active population, and education at level, households, and dwellings).

### **DEMO** — Demography

This domain covers the main demographic indicators and gives detailed figures on population, fertility, mortality and nuptiality.

### **EARNING** — Harmonised earnings

This domain covers harmonised gross earnings on manual workers (since 1972) and non-manual workers (since 1980) in industry and services. Information is also available on net earnings in manufacturing industries, according to different family situations.

### **EMPLOY** — Employment

Annual benchmark figures and quarterly data by age and by NACE Rev 1. Because of national definitions' differences, these figures should not be used for comparing levels of employment but provide information about trends in employment.

### **HBS** — Household budgets survey

HBS groups together all the data on the distribution of households (by type of economic situation, by socioeconomic category, by source of income, etc.) and on their pattern of consumption (level and structure).

### **HEALTH** — Health and safety

Eurostat presents here, in the framework of the theme health and safety a systematic and, as far as possible, harmonised set of regular and official statistics which are directly relevant to Community actions in the field of health. The domain is divided into two main items: public health and health and safety at work.

The field public health has been divided into four chapters: lifestyles (which will include tables on anthropometric characteristics, smoking, drinking, etc.), health status (which will include mainly tables on disabilities and some specific diseases such as AIDS, cancer and others), health care (tables on human resources on health, hospital beds and treatments) and causes of death.

The field health and safety at work is divided into two chapters: occupational diseases and accidents at work.

### **ILC** — Income and living conditions

The domain ILC contains information on income, on the financial situation and living conditions in general of private households and of individuals living in these households. Information is cross-tabulated with several socio-demographic variables.

The data contained in the domain ILC are calculated using the European Community Household Panel (ECHP) as a source.

### **LACOSTS** — Labour costs

The collections of this domain correspond to the labour cost surveys that were carried out from 1975 to 1996, with some updates for years between surveys. The costs are broken down by several components; the data are classified by NACE, the size of the enterprise and the region. Information is also included on the staff effectives and on the number of hours worked.

### **LFS** — Labour force survey

This is a household survey which provides data on population (persons living in private households), the working population and the non-national population. The main emphasis is on employment, unemployment and inactivity. The information available on these topics includes patterns of work, working time, occupations, economic activities, length of unemployment and methods of job search.

### **MIGRAT** — International migration

The data refer to asylum applications by citizenship, acquisition of citizenship, immigration and emigration by sex, citizenship, age group, country of previous residence and next residence.

### **MINWAGES** — Minimum wages

The data refer to the eight Member States where a statutory minimum wage is in force (Belgium, Greece, Spain, France, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and the United Kingdom).

### **SES** — Structure of earnings statistics — 1995

This domain includes hourly, monthly and annual gross earnings broken down by economic activity and profession. Monthly earnings are also available categorised by age, education level, length of service and type of contract. Information is also available on working hours and number of holidays.

### **SESPROS** — Social protection

Harmonised data on social protection expenditure (such as pensions, unemployment benefits, health care, family allowances) and receipts (such as social contributions by employers and employees, government contributions) in the 15 Member States of the European Union, Iceland and Norway.

### **SME** — Small and medium-sized enterprises

This database covers main economic indicators on small and medium-sized enterprises, for example: number of enterprises; total employment and number of employees; turnover; value added and labour cost. The data is broken down by standardised size classes and by regions.

### **STELCI — Short-term earnings and labour cost indices**

This domain contains quarterly information on the development of earnings and labour costs in the EU. The data is subdivided by economic activity (NACE Rev. 1). Costs are broken down by earnings and other labour costs.

### **STRIKES — Statistics on industrial disputes**

This domain contains data on the number of working days lost and the number of workers involved, by economic activity.

### **TRAINING — Training**

The continuing vocational training survey (CVTS) was the first survey on continuing vocational training in enterprises carried out on the EU level in a coordinated form (outline questionnaire, common definitions, common recommendations with respect to the fieldwork). The survey therefore was pioneering.

### **UNEMPLOY — Unemployment**

This domain contains harmonised statistics on unemployment according to the ILO definition. It also includes unemployment by duration, and numbers of persons registered at employment offices.



# 3



# 4



## **THEME 4 Industry, trade and services**

### **AUVIS — Audiovisual services — statistics on the audiovisual sector 1980–97**

AUVIS is a new domain, which contains annual data on the audiovisual services sectors and related markets in 18 EU and EFTA countries. This database comprises business indicators on enterprises as well as functional indicators (qualitative and structural information on the market, international trade information, volume information related to the supply side, information about service quality, information about the demand structure, technical infrastructure information, etc.). Time series are provided from 1980 wherever information is available or relevant. The database coverage includes four non-European countries (USA, Japan, Canada, and Australia) when available.

New indicators and variables will successively be introduced in the database.

### **COINS — Communications**

COINS is a database, which contains annual information on the telecommunications and postal services sectors in EU and EFTA countries since 1980. This database contains statistics describing the two sectors, including indicators on economy, infrastructure, traffic, demand, service quality and employment.

### **COMPET — Competitiveness indicators**

This database contains numerous analytical indicators assessing the competitiveness of EU industries. It covers, for example, macroeconomic and living-standard indicators, performance indicators by industrial activity, productivity indicators by industrial activity, cost and price.

### **EBT — European business trends — monthly and quarterly short-term statistics (industry, construction, retail trade and other services)**

Monthly and quarterly short-term statistics (industry, construction, retail trade and other services).

### **EUROPROM — Europroms: European production and market statistics**

Europroms provides detailed and comparable data on the production, external trade, and markets of almost 4 400 industrial products in the European Union. Data are available for 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998 and some for 1999. The results are derived mainly from the European Union statistical survey of production, Prodcom, along with external trade data.

### **SBS — Structural business statistics (industry, construction, trade and services)**

Now the only reference domain for business structural data.

All business structural data from 1995 onwards on the legal basis of the SBS regulation as well as some long-time series (NACE REV. 1 G to K from 1990, NACE REV. 1 C to F from 1985). It also includes historical services data in NACE 70 (1980–94) and annual regional statistics.

### **SBS\_PLUS — Industrial structural business indicators of market share and specialisation in the EU and non-member countries (1988–98)**

Industrial structural business indicators of market share and specialisation in the EU and non-member countries (1988–98).

## **SME** — Small and medium-sized enterprises

This database covers main economic indicators on small and medium-sized enterprises, for example: number of enterprises; total employment and number of employees; turnover; value added and labour cost. The data is broken down by standardised size classes and by regions.

## **PANORAMA** — Panorama 1998

The majority of data was prepared towards the end of spring 1998. However, for data in the domain of Daisie plus, figures were prepared at a much later date to allow estimates up to 1997 to be included (finalised in October 1998). There are four collections:

- Daisie plus — constant price series, apparent consumption, export rates and import penetration ratios.
- P\_TRADE — contains annual series from 1988 to 1997 for all Member States, giving trade flows by economic activity by partner and origin of imports and exports.
- ASSOC — data collected from the professional trade associations that represent specific industries (usually at a European level).
- SERVICES — data collected from trade associations covering the services sector of the economy.

## **TOUR** — Tourism

Available statistics include variables on capacity of tourist accommodation establishments, occupancy in these establishments and data on residents' tourism demand.



# THEME 5 Agriculture and fisheries

## **COSA** — Economic accounts for agriculture and forestry

COSA contains six collections:

- Economic accounts for agriculture;
- Economic accounts for forestry;
- Income of the agricultural household sector (IAHS statistics, formerly TIAH) per socioprofessional group;
- Agricultural labour input;
- Gross domestic product data;
- Exchange rates (EUR, PPS) which have been used in the calculation of the derived series.

## **EUROFARM** — Structure of agricultural holdings

Summarises the main data in the Eurofarm database and contains the results of Community surveys on the structure of agricultural holdings. This domain also contains the main indicators on the structure of agricultural holdings by region.

## **FISH** — Fishery statistics

This database contains data on annual catches by fishing regions, annual data on aquaculture production, monthly data on the quantities and values of fishery products, annual data on the EU fishing fleets, annual data on the number of fishermen and summary annual data on foreign trade in fishery products.

## **FOREST** — Forestry statistics 1992-96

This domain affords a statistical insight into the forestry sector of the European Union in the first half of the 1990s. Besides the present EU of the 15 Member States, this domain sets out the basic forestry statistics for Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland.

## **FRUCTUS** — Database on orchards

This domain contains data on the plantations of seven species of fruit trees: apples, pears, peaches, apricots, oranges, lemons and small citrus fruits. The results referring to the characteristics of these species are: age classes; density and varieties which are recorded per country and production zone.

## **PRAG** — Agricultural prices and price indices

The domain PRAG contains monthly and annual data on agricultural price indices and absolute prices. The price indices comprise the EU index of producer prices of agricultural products and the EU index of purchase prices of the means of agricultural production. The absolute prices comprise selling prices of crop products and animal products, purchase prices of the means of agricultural production, agricultural land prices and rents.

## **SPEL** — Agricultural production and income model

Designed for monitoring changes in agricultural production and income, this model combines different sources of data and enables comparisons to be made between Member States. Complete chronological series have been compiled since 1973.

## **ZPA1** — Agricultural products

The data concern agricultural production:

- the means of production: land use; livestock (number and structure); annual data;
- crop production (area, yield, production); annual data;
- animal production (production and trade); monthly and annual data;
- summary data (balance sheets); annual data.

## **ZPA1\_CC** — Agricultural production — candidate countries

This domain includes data shown in physical units (number, weight, quantity) for the candidate countries and some other countries.

The data concern agricultural production:

- the means of production: land use; livestock (number and structure); annual data;
- crop production (area, yield, production); annual data;
- animal production (production and trade); monthly and annual data.

The statistics from the domain ZPA1\_CC must be treated with a certain caution.

They are taken from national sources which do not yet fully conform to EU standards.

Therefore, comparability with respective EU statistics cannot be guaranteed.



## THEME 6 External trade

### ABSTRACT — External trade — data for 'Eurostatistics' and 'Eurostat Yearbook'

All data on external trade contained in Eurostatistics or in the Eurostat Yearbook.

Also available on CD-ROM:

- Monthly intra- and extra-EU trade, Combined Nomenclature;
- External trade 1976-87, Nimexe nomenclature;
- External trade 1988-97, Combined Nomenclature

### PRESS — High-level aggregates

This domain contains the aggregated trade data (exports, imports and balance) published in Eurostat press releases. Data for the Member States are limited to those reported to Eurostat, but EU-15 and euro zone totals are estimated up to the most recent month published.

The figures for EU-15 are for the total trade of the 15 EU Member States with all countries outside the EU.

The figures for the euro zone are for the total trade of the 11 euro zone Member States with all countries outside the euro zone — i.e. they include trade between the euro zone and Denmark, Greece, Sweden and the UK.

The figures for the individual Member States are for their total external trade — i.e. they include both their intra-Community trade with the 14 other EU Member States and their external trade with all countries outside the EU.

The figures for the USA and Japan are taken from the IMF database.



## THEME 7 Transport

### AVIATION — F. Air transport

Contains annual data on airport information, on passengers, and freight (tonnes).

### COMQUEST — Common questionnaire (Eurostat—UNECE—ECMT) — aggregated statistics

This domain gives only aggregated data from the common questionnaire (Eurostat—UNECE— ECMT).

### INLANDWW — C. Inland waterways transport

This domain gives information on aggregated data from the common questionnaire (Eurostat — UNECE — ECMT) and detailed annual, quarterly and monthly freight transport data from Council Directive 80/119/EEC of 17 November 1980.

### RAIL — A. Railway transport

This domain presents aggregated data from the common questionnaire (Eurostat — UNECE — ECMT) as well as detailed annual and monthly freight transport data from Council Directive 80/1177/EEC of 4 December 1980.

### ROAD — B. Road transport

This domain contains aggregated data from the common questionnaire (Eurostat — UNECE — ECMT) and detailed annual and quarterly freight transport data from Council Directive 78/546/EEC of 12 June 1978 amended by Council Directive 89/462/EEC of 18 July 1989.



## THEME 8 Environment and energy

### MILIEU — Environment statistics

This domain contains data on air pollution, water, waste and environmental expenditure.

Sectorial indicators are also included (transport, agriculture, forestry). It also presents data on land use, global climate change, wildlife, public opinion and nuclear energy.

### SIRENE — Energy

This gives structural, social and economic data on the sector and data on the main energy sources: hydrocarbons, gas and electricity.

This domain also covers internal flows and external trade. Prices of the main energy sources by type of consumer (industrial or domestic).



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# THEME 9 Research and development

# 9

## EHT — Employment in high-tech

This new domain gives information and data about the employment in high-tech sectors (manufacturing and services) by region at NUTS 2 level for the 15 EU countries.

## INNOVAT — Survey on innovation in EU enterprises

This domain covers statistics on the number of enterprises having introduced new or improved products or processes, turnover of new and improved products, innovation expenditure, objectives and hampering factors for innovation in the business enterprise sector (all manufacturing industries and several service industries). The reference year is 1996.

## PATENT — European patent applications

The data concern European patent application registered by the EPO (European Patent Office) and give an indication of the structure and evolution of innovative activities in a country or region.

## ZRD 1 — Research and development: government R & D appropriations

These figures cover both initial and final budgets for the 15 EU countries plus Norway and Iceland. The data breakdown is by NABS.

## ZRD 2 — Research and development: regional data

This domain contains data on R & D personnel and R & D expenditure by region at NUTS 2 level. R & D expenditure is expressed in national currency, in euro, in PPS and as a percentage of GDP.

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